## Algebra II – Chapter 4 Test

## Name:

Graph the function. Label the vertex and axis of symmetry. Identify the solutions (zeros) of the function (round to the nearest hundredth if needed).

**1)** 
$$f(x) = x^2 - x - 6$$





Graph the quadratic inequality.

3) 
$$f(x) < 2x^2 - 12x + 10$$



Solve the quadratic by factoring. Show your work. Solutions should be in simplest radical form:

4) 
$$x^2 - 11x + 30 = 0$$

- 5)  $w^2 18w + 81 = 0$
- 6)  $2s^2 + 7s = 15$
- 7)  $r^2 + 2r = 0$

## Simplify the expressions:

- 8) (3+4i) (2-5i)
- 9) (2-7i)(1+2i)

Solve using square roots. Solutions should be in simplest radical form :

**10)**  $3x^2 + 7 = 55$ 

**11)** 
$$x^2 + 11 = 3$$

12) 
$$(x+2)^2 - 12 = 36$$

Solve by completing the square. Solutions should be in simplest radical form:

**13)** 
$$x^2 - 4x + 3 = 0$$

14) 
$$z^2 + 8z + 11 = 0$$

Solve using the quadratic formula: <u>Show your work.</u> Solutions should be in simplest <u>radical</u> form.

**15)**  $3x^2 + 10x - 5 = 0$ 

**16)**  $x^2 + 5x + 2 = 0$ 

Write a quadratic function whose graph has the given characteristics.

**17)** *vertex*: (3, 5) *point*: (2, -1)

Find the discriminant of the equation and give the number and type of solutions of the equation.

**18)** 
$$x^2 + 6x - 16 = 0$$

**19)** 
$$x^2 + 5x - 7 = 0$$

20) Given  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ , write the formula to find x using the quadratic formula.

Bonus:

Solve the quadratic inequality.

 $2x^2-7x-4 \leq 0$ 

Multiply by the complex conjugate:

3-7i